CORECARE III DBA: MORNINGSIDE OF FULLERTON

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022 AND 2021



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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Partners
CoreCare III, dba: Morningside of Fullerton
Fullerton, California

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements Opinion

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of CoreCare III, dba: Morningside of Fullerton (a California limited partnership) (the Partnership), which comprise the balance sheets as of December 31, 2022 and 2021, and the related statements of operations, changes in partners' deficit, and cash flows for the years then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Partnership as of December 31, 2022 and 2021, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Partnership and to meet our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audits. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Partnership's ability to continue as a going concern for one year after the date the financial statements are available to be issued.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and, therefore, is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due
 to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such
 procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures
 in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an
 opinion on the effectiveness of the Partnership's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is
 expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Partnership's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control related matters that we identified during the audit.

CliftonLarsonAllen LLP

Clifton Larson Allen LLP

Irvine, California April 27, 2023

CORECARE III DBA: MORNINGSIDE OF FULLERTON BALANCE SHEETS DECEMBER 31, 2022 AND 2021

	2022	2021
ASSETS		
CURRENT ASSETS		
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 2,851,660	\$ 2,449,424
Marketable Securities	9,358,885	10,087,469
Accounts Receivable	166,868	112,981
Deferred Entrance Fees Receivable on Terminated Contracts	297,674	834,162
Inventories	24,700	31,726
Prepaid Expenses and Other Current Assets	648,494	496,836
Temporary Loans to Master Trust	500,000	
Total Current Assets	13,848,281	14,012,598
PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT		
Land	7,642,717	7,642,717
Land Improvements	5,740,331	5,740,331
Buildings and Improvements	71,666,285	69,850,740
Furniture, Fixtures, and Equipment	6,996,310	5,666,018
Computer Equipment and Systems	1,701,066	1,348,238
Construction in Progress	1,960,716	1,521,695
Total Property and Equipment, at Cost	95,707,425	91,769,739
Less: Accumulated depreciation	(54,157,885)	(51,603,278)
Property and Equipment, at Net Book Value	41,549,540	40,166,461
OTHER ASSETS		
Accounts Receivable, Long Term	546,578	470,902
Costs of Acquiring Contracts, Net	1,214,261	1,226,324
Deferred Entrance Fees Receivable	22,691,688	22,278,512
Total Other Assets	24,452,527	23,975,738
Total Assets	\$ 79,850,348	\$ 78,154,797

CORECARE III DBA: MORNINGSIDE OF FULLERTON BALANCE SHEETS (CONTINUED) DECEMBER 31, 2022 AND 2021

	2022	2021
LIABILITIES AND PARTNERS' DEFICIT		
CURRENT LIABILITIES		
Accounts Payable	\$ 836,427	\$ 521,882
Accrued Expenses	705,387	788,661
Deposits on Future Occupancy	2,423,100	2,618,100
Current Portion of Note Payable to Master Trust	4,587,899	3,936,305
Total Current Liabilities	8,552,813	7,864,948
LONG-TERM LIABILITIES		
Note Payable to Master Trust, Net of Current Portion	158,928,010	155,515,909
Deferred Revenue from Unamortized Deferred Entrance Fees, Net	21,350,536	20,962,597
Deposits from Residents	157,427	109,000
Total Long-Term Liabilities	180,435,973	176,587,506
Total Liabilities	188,988,786	184,452,454
PARTNERS' DEFICIT	(109,138,438)	(106,297,657)
Total Liabilities and Partners' Deficit	\$ 79,850,348	\$ 78,154,797

CORECARE III DBA: MORNINGSIDE OF FULLERTON STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022 AND 2021

	2022	2021
REVENUES		
Resident Services	\$ 27,553,347	26,376,649
Amortization of Deferred Entrance Fees	3,703,364	3,742,684
Deferred Entrance Fees on Terminated Contracts	1,338,766	1,343,310
Nonresident Services	71,055	38,520
Total Revenues	32,666,532	31,501,163
OPERATING EXPENSES		
Resident Care	8,322,109	7,897,655
Food and Beverage Services	4,155,878	3,842,397
Environmental Services	1,324,636	1,233,050
Plant Facility Operating Costs	4,337,967	4,011,145
General and Administrative Expenses	5,475,998	5,429,748
Depreciation and Amortization	2,811,183	2,968,156
Total Operating Expenses	26,427,771	25,382,151
INCOME FROM OPERATIONS	6,238,761	6,119,012
OTHER INCOME (EXPENSE)		
Net Realized Gain (Loss) on Sale of Marketable Securities	(2,749)	460,047
Net Unrealized Gain (Loss) on Marketable Securities	(959,743)	1,393,197
Interest and Dividend Income	270,862	256,415
Other Income	112,088_	
Total Other Income (Expense)	(579,542)	2,109,659
NET INCOME	\$ 5,659,219	\$ 8,228,671

CORECARE III DBA: MORNINGSIDE OF FULLERTON STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN PARTNERS' DEFICIT YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022 AND 2021

	General Partner	Limited Partner	Total Partners' Deficit
BALANCE - DECEMBER 31, 2020	\$ (67,485,942)	\$ (36,040,386)	\$(103,526,328)
Distributions	(6,600,000)	(4,400,000)	(11,000,000)
Net Income	4,937,203	3,291,468	8,228,671
BALANCE - DECEMBER 31, 2021	(69,148,739)	(37,148,918)	(106,297,657)
Distributions	(5,100,000)	(3,400,000)	(8,500,000)
Net Income	3,395,531	2,263,688	5,659,219
BALANCE - DECEMBER 31, 2022	\$ (70,853,208)	\$ (38,285,230)	\$(109,138,438)

CORECARE III DBA: MORNINGSIDE OF FULLERTON STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022 AND 2021

	2022	2021
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Cash Received from Residents	\$ 32,330,592	\$ 31,879,749
Interest and Dividend Income	270,862	256,415
Reimbursements for Services to Nonresidents	71,055	38,520
Other Income	112,088	-
Cash Paid to Suppliers and Employees	(23,787,795)	(22,868,514)
Net Cash and Cash Equivalents Provided by		
Operating Activities	8,996,802	9,306,170
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Payments Made on Purchases of Property and Equipment	(3,937,686)	(2,446,618)
Purchases of Marketable Securities	(248,461)	(77,182)
Proceeds from Redemption of Marketable Securities	27,886	531,693
Net Cash and Cash Equivalents Used by		
Investing Activities	(4,158,261)	(1,992,107)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Proceeds from Note Payable to Master Trust	8,000,000	6,800,000
Payments on Note Payable to Master Trust	(3,936,305)	(3,914,159)
Distributions to Partners	(8,500,000)	(11,000,000)
Net Cash and Cash Equivalents Used by		
Financing Activities	(4,436,305)	(8,114,159)
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	402,236	(800,096)
Cash and Cash Equivalents - Beginning of Year	2,449,424	3,249,520
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - END OF YEAR	\$ 2,851,660	\$ 2,449,424

CORECARE III DBA: MORNINGSIDE OF FULLERTON STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (CONTINUED) YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022 AND 2021

2022		2021	
RECONCILIATION OF NET INCOME TO NET CASH AND		_	 _
CASH EQUIVALENTS PROVIDED BY OPERATING			
ACTIVITIES			
Net Income	\$	5,659,219	\$ 8,228,671
Noncash Items Included in Net Income:			
Depreciation		2,554,607	2,707,819
Amortization of Costs of Acquiring Contracts		256,576	260,337
Amortization of Deferred Entrance Fees		(3,703,364)	(3,742,684)
Deferred Entrance Fees on Terminated Contracts		(1,338,766)	(1,343,310)
Net Realized (Gain) Loss on Sale of Marketable Securities		2,749	(460,047)
Net Unrealized (Gain) Loss on Marketable Securities		959,743	(1,393,197)
Changes in:			
Accounts Receivable		(129,563)	66,836
Deferred Entrance Fees Receivable on Terminated Contracts		536,488	(809,875)
Inventories		7,026	5,781
Prepaid Expenses and Other Current Assets		(164,991)	(6,011)
Temporary Loans to Master Trust		(500,000)	-
Costs of Acquiring Contracts		(244,513)	(226, 175)
Deferred Entrance Fees Receivable		5,016,893	5,617,683
Accounts Payable		314,545	(13,219)
Accrued Expenses		(83,274)	(1,459)
Deposits on Future Occupancy		(195,000)	395,020
Deposits from Residents		48,427	20,000
Net Cash and Cash Equivalents Provided by			
Operating Activities	\$	8,996,802	\$ 9,306,170
SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURE OF NONCASH			
INVESTING AND FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
Deferred Entrance Fees Receivable and Deferred Revenue			
from Unamortized Deferred Entrance Fees Recorded to			
Reflect Additional Amounts Due From Resident Contributions	\$	5,468,961	\$ 5,419,526

NOTE 1 NATURE OF BUSINESS AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Nature of Business

CoreCare III, dba: Morningside of Fullerton (the Partnership), owns and operates a multiuse continuing care retirement community (CCRC) located in Fullerton, California. The Partnership operates under the continuing care concept whereby residents enter into agreements that require payment of a onetime entrance fee and a monthly charge. Generally, these payments will entitle residents to the use and privileges of the facility for life.

Profits and losses for financial statement purposes, distributable cash from operations, and profits and losses for tax purposes are allocated and distributed to the partners in accordance with the Partnership Agreement. The Partnership Agreement also provides for priority distributions, plus an allowance for interest.

Basis of Presentation

The accompanying financial statements are presented using the accrual basis of accounting in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (U.S. GAAP). References to the "ASC" hereafter refer to the Accounting Standards Codification established by the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) as the source of authoritative U.S. GAAP.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

For purposes of the statements of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents include the operating cash account of the Partnership, money market accounts, time deposits, certificates of deposit, and all highly liquid debt instruments with maturities of three months or less.

Marketable Securities

The Partnership accounts for its investments in equity securities in accordance with FASB ASC 321-10, *Investments – Equity Securities*. Marketable securities held by the Partnership have readily determinable fair values and are reported at fair value, with realized and unrealized gains and losses included in earnings. Any dividends received are recorded in interest income.

Accounts Receivable

Accounts receivable consist of amounts due from residents for which the Partnership has an unconditional right to receive payment and are primarily composed of receivables for monthly service fees and other ancillary services, as well as amounts due from residents for obligations related to independent unit renovations and deferred entrance fees on canceled contracts.

NOTE 1 NATURE OF BUSINESS AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Accounts Receivable (Continued)

Receivables for monthly service fees are primarily due upon receipt of invoice, and they are reviewed weekly and are considered past due 14 days after the issuance of monthly statements. Accounts for which no payments have been received for 30 days are considered delinquent, and customary collection efforts are initiated. Uncollectible accounts are written off at the advice of a collection attorney and with the approval of ownership. Receivables for resident obligations are generally collected upon cancellation of contracts, which is estimated to occur long term.

The Partnership provides an allowance for doubtful accounts, as needed, for accounts deemed uncollectible. No allowance was necessary at December 31, 2022 and 2021.

Inventories

Inventories consist of food and supplies used in operations and are stated at the lower of cost or net realizable value on a first-in, first-out basis.

Property and Equipment

Property and equipment are stated at cost. Major improvements and betterments are capitalized. Maintenance and repairs are expensed as incurred. Property and equipment are depreciated over the estimated useful lives of the respective assets. Depreciation for property and equipment is computed on the straight-line method for book purposes.

The estimated useful lives of the related assets are as follows:

Land Improvements	15 to 20 Years
Buildings and Improvements	10 to 40 Years
Furniture, Fixtures, and Equipment	5 to 10 Years
Computer Equipment and Systems	3 to 5 Years

Depreciation expense for the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021, totaled \$2,554,607 and \$2,707,819, respectively. At December 31, 2022 and 2021, fully depreciated property and equipment still in use totaled \$8,319,434 and \$6,908,179, respectively.

Long-Lived Assets

The Partnership accounts for impairment and disposition of long-lived assets in accordance with FASB ASC 360-10, *Property, Plant, and Equipment*. FASB ASC 360-10 requires impairment losses to be recognized for long-lived assets used in operations when indicators of impairment are present and the undiscounted future cash flows are not sufficient to recover the assets' carrying amounts. There was no impairment of value of such assets for the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021.

NOTE 1 NATURE OF BUSINESS AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Revenue Recognition from Contracts with Customers

The Partnership recognizes revenue for residency in accordance with the provisions of FASB ASC 606, Revenue from Contracts with Customers (Topic 606). The Partnership enters into continuing care residency contracts with its customers. The form of the agreement is in conformity with the statutes of the State of California Department of Social Services Continuing Care Contracts Branch. Prior to actual occupancy by the resident, a contribution is required to be deposited with the Master Trust (as defined in Note 4) pursuant to a Residence and Care Agreement (the Residence Agreement). The provisions of the Residence Agreement include, but are not limited to, such items as the unit to be occupied, initial monthly fee, amount of contribution to the Master Trust, and methods of cancellation and refunds or contingent repayments subject to resale of the units. Generally, the Partnership is deemed to have Type A life care contracts that are all-inclusive continuing care contracts that include residential facilities, other amenities, and access to health care services, primarily assisted living and nursing care. Type A contracts are deemed to have one performance obligation - to provide each resident the ability to live in the CCRC and access the appropriate level of care based on his or her needs. A Type A contract also allows a resident the ability to cancel the Residence Agreement at any time, and thus, because of this provision, the resident agreement for a Type A life care CCRC resident is generally deemed to be a monthly contract with the option to renew.

Contract Revenues

The following is a description of the services provided and the accounting policies related to the contracted services.

Entrance Fees – The contract provides a material right to occupy an appropriate-level living unit for life and to receive certain services for which residents are required to pay an entrance fee. Generally, the entrance fee is payable on or before occupancy by the resident. Residents may cancel their Residence Agreement at any time, and, upon cancellation, the contribution received will be repayable under the following terms and conditions:

(1) Cancellation During the Trial Residence Period – Under California law, there is a probationary period of 90 days after the date of the signed agreement during which either the Partnership or the resident may cancel the agreement with or without cause. Death of the resident during the period will cancel the agreement. In the event of cancellation, the resident shall be entitled to a refund in accordance with California law, which states that the Partnership may deduct from the contribution amount a reasonable fee to cover costs and any charges incurred but not paid.

NOTE 1 NATURE OF BUSINESS AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Revenue Recognition from Contracts with Customers (Continued)

Contract Revenues (Continued)

(2) Cancellation After 90 Days – A resident may cancel his or her agreement at any time after the trial residence period for any reason by giving the Partnership 90 days' written notice. Death of the resident will cancel the agreement. However, if an agreement applies to more than one resident, it will remain in effect after the death of one of the residents and be adjusted as described in the agreement. The Partnership may cancel the agreement at any time after the trial residence period for good cause upon 90 days' written notice to the resident. Examples of good cause are defined in the Residence Agreement.

Further, upon termination of the Residence Agreement, the resident or his or her estate will be entitled to a repayment of the contribution less a predetermined percentage and any charges incurred but not paid, as determined by the terms and conditions of the individual agreements. In addition, upon termination of the Residence Agreement after the probationary period of 90 days, the Partnership may be entitled to a Deferred Entrance Fee (a percentage of the resident's contribution amount), as defined in each resident's Residence Agreement.

Resident Fees – Resident living service fees, which are for basic support services, are paid on a monthly basis. Monthly fees are established at the inception of occupancy and may be increased by the Partnership with appropriate notice as specified in the individual agreements, generally based on increases in operating costs or inflationary increases. Revenue for resident fees is recognized as the Partnership satisfies the performance obligation, which is monthly.

Nonresident Services – Nonresident services are revenues recognized at a point in time primarily for nonresident guest meals and short-term guest accommodations.

Contract Assets and Contract Liabilities

The following are assets and liabilities resulting from contracts with customers:

Deferred Entrance Fees Receivable on Terminated Contracts – Deferred entrance fees receivable on terminated contracts represent the portion of the entrance fees that are payable to the Company following the current year terminations of Residence Agreements, based on the specific terms of each resident contract, which are currently due from the Master Trust (see Note 4).

Deferred Entrance Fees Receivable – Deferred entrance fees receivable represent that portion of the entrance fees that would be payable to the Partnership upon termination of the existing Residence Agreements, based on the specific terms of each resident contract, which are due from the Master Trust (see Note 4).

NOTE 1 NATURE OF BUSINESS AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Revenue Recognition from Contracts with Customers (Continued)

Contract Assets and Contract Liabilities (Continued)

Deposits on Future Occupancy – Deposits on future occupancy represent deposits on future contracts from prospective residents that are fully refundable upon demand.

Deposits from Residents – Deposits from residents represent deposits to cover potential refurbishments costs from residents who enter under 0% repayable contracts.

Deferred Revenue from Unamortized Entrance Fees — Deferred revenue from unamortized entrance fees represents the total amount of the entrance fees that has become nonrepayable to the residents, based on the specific terms of each resident contract, which is recorded as deferred revenue from entrance fees and is amortized to income over time using the straight-line method over the remaining life expectancy of the resident. The period of amortization is adjusted annually based on the actuarially determined estimated remaining life expectancy of each individual or joint and last survivor life expectancy of each pair of residents occupying the same unit.

Costs of Acquiring Contracts

Costs of Acquiring Contracts – Costs of acquiring contracts are the unamortized incremental costs of acquiring contracts, which primarily consist of commissions paid to salespeople. These assets are amortized on a straight-line basis over the duration of the contract. During the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021, the Partnership recognized amortization expense of these assets totaling \$256,576 and \$260,337, respectively.

Income Taxes

The Partnership is not taxed on its income. The taxable income or loss is recognized on the individual income tax returns of the partners.

Advertising and Promotional Costs

Advertising and promotional costs are charged to operations when incurred. For the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021, advertising and promotional costs totaled \$708,886 and \$722,468, respectively, and are included in general and administrative expenses in the accompanying statements of operations.

Use of Estimates

The process of preparing financial statements in accordance with U.S. GAAP requires the use of estimates and assumptions regarding certain types of assets, liabilities, revenues, and expenses. Such estimates primarily relate to unsettled transactions and events as of the date of the financial statements. Accordingly, upon settlement, actual results may differ from estimated amounts.

NOTE 1 NATURE OF BUSINESS AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Reclassifications

Certain reclassifications have been made to the 2021 financial statements to conform to the current-year presentation.

NOTE 2 REVENUE FROM CONTRACTS WITH CUSTOMERS

The following table presents the Partnership's revenue disaggregated by service for the years ended December 31:

	2022	 2021
Revenue from Contracts with Customers:		
Entrance Fees, Amortized and on Terminated		
Contracts (Over Time)	\$ 5,042,130	\$ 5,085,994
Monthly Resident Fees and Ancillary Charges		
(Over Time)	27,553,347	26,376,649
Nonresident Services (Point in Time)	71,055	 38,520
Total Revenue from Contracts with Customers	\$ 32,666,532	\$ 31,501,163

The beginning and end of year balances of the Partnership's various contract-related balances were as follows:

	December 31, 2020	December 31, 2021	December 31, 2022
Accounts Receivable	\$ 116,673	\$ 112,981	\$ 166,868
Deferred Entrance Fees Receivable on Terminated Contracts	\$ 24,287	\$ 834,162	\$ 297,674
Costs of Acquiring Contracts	\$ 1,260,486	\$ 1,226,324	\$ 1,214,261
Deferred Entrance Fees Receivable	\$ 22,476,668	\$ 22,278,512	\$ 22,691,688
Deposits on Future Occupancy	\$ 2,223,080	\$ 2,618,100	\$ 2,423,100
Deferred Revenue from Unamortized Entrance Fees	\$ 20,629,065	\$ 20,962,597	\$ 21,350,536
Deposits from Residents	\$ 89,000	\$ 109,000	\$ 157,427

NOTE 3 CONCENTRATIONS, RISKS, AND UNCERTAINTIES

The Partnership maintains cash balances with one financial institution. At December 31, 2022 and 2021, accounts at this institution are insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) for up to \$250,000. The Partnership's deposits in these financial institutions at times exceeded the amount insured by the FDIC. The risk is managed by maintaining deposits in high-quality financial institutions.

At December 31, 2022 and 2021, the Partnership also maintains its money market funds and investments in equity securities at brokerage firms that are not FDIC insured. The firms are insured by the Securities Investor Protection Corporation for up to \$500,000.

During 2020, the World Health Organization declared the spread of coronavirus (COVID-19) a worldwide pandemic. The COVID-19 pandemic is having significant effects on global markets, supply chains, businesses, and communities. Management believes that the Partnership is taking appropriate actions to mitigate the negative impact. However, the full impact of COVID-19 is unknown and cannot be reasonably estimated, as the pandemic continues to have impacts on the global economy.

NOTE 4 NOTE PAYABLE TO MASTER TRUST AND TRUST AGREEMENT

The Morningside of Fullerton Master Trust (the Master Trust) was established to provide protection to the residents of the community by providing them with a vehicle through which they obtain a secured interest in the real property of the Partnership. New residents join in and become grantors under the trust agreement. At December 31, 2022 and 2021, the balance outstanding on the Master Trust note payable was \$163,515,909 and \$159,452,214, respectively.

A contribution amount, as specified in the Residence Agreement, is made to the Master Trust by the grantor (see Note 1). The trustee of the Master Trust is directed to invest virtually all of the funds in the form of an interest-free loan to the Partnership. The loan, which currently may not exceed \$205,000,000, is secured by the following:

- (1) A first priority deed of trust on the Partnership's real property and improvements thereon.
- (2) Security agreement creating a first security interest in the Partnership's current and hereafter acquired equity in all the improvements, fixtures, personal property, and intangible property associated and used in connection with the real property described in the deed of trust.
- (3) First priority assignment of contracts including, but not limited to, any residence and care agreement and any management agreement entered into in conjunction with the operation of Morningside of Fullerton.

NOTE 4 NOTE PAYABLE TO MASTER TRUST AND TRUST AGREEMENT (CONTINUED)

The security also includes any income generated from and any insurance proceeds recovered from the loss of any property serving as collateral for this loan.

Repayments of principal will be made in annual amounts for a period of 40 years with a final payment due December 31, 2050. Each annual payment or series of payments made during the year shall be equal to or greater than the amount of principal advanced on December 15 next preceding the payment due date divided by 40 years. The next scheduled principal payment of \$4,587,899 was paid in January 2023.

Principal payments of the current outstanding Master Trust loan are estimated to mature as follows:

<u>Year</u>	Amount
2023	\$ 4,587,899
2024	3,973,200
2025	3,873,870
2026	3,777,023
2027	3,682,598
Thereafter	143,621,319_
Total	\$ 163,515,909

In addition to the annual principal payment, the Partnership provides the Master Trust temporary loans to fund grantor distributions when necessary. These temporary loans are refunded to the Partnership upon subsequent sale of a unit or when the Master Trust has excess liquidity. At December 31, 2022, the temporary loans to the Master Trust totaled \$500,000. There were no temporary loans to the Master Trust at December 31, 2021.

NOTE 5 COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

Obligation to Provide Future Services

The Partnership annually calculates the present value of the net cost of future services and use of facilities to be provided to current residents and compares that amount with the present value of monthly service fees and the unamortized deferred revenue from deferred entrance fees. If the present value of the net cost of future services and use of facilities exceeds the monthly service fees and deferred revenue from deferred entrance fees, a liability is recorded. Using a discount rate of 5.5% at both December 31, 2022 and 2021, the anticipated revenues are estimated to exceed the cost of future services for both years and, therefore, no liability was accrued.

NOTE 5 COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES (CONTINUED)

Reservations and Designations

At December 31, 2022 and 2021, the Partnership maintains cash reserves in the amount of \$4,838,123 and \$4,597,700, respectively, for operating expense contingencies in accordance with the requirements of the California Health and Safety Code under the State of California Department of Social Services. These reserves are included in cash and cash equivalents and marketable securities in the accompanying balance sheets.

Litigation

The Partnership experiences routine litigation in the normal course of its business. Management does not believe that any pending or threatened litigation will have a material adverse effect on its financial statements.

NOTE 6 RELATED-PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Pursuant to the provisions of FASB ASU 2018-17, Consolidation (Topic 810), the Partnership has elected to not apply variable interest entity guidance to legal entities under common control. The Partnership is not aware of any exposure to loss as a result of its involvement with these entities.

At December 31, 2022 and 2021, the Partnership has a formal service agreement with a related company concerning the provision of administrative and operational oversight services, including use of brand, transaction processing, and benefit and insurance administration, among others. The service agreement calls for annual service fees payable in equal monthly installments, and the agreement renews annually unless canceled. For the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021, service fees paid under this agreement totaled \$520,361 and \$493,872, respectively. The service agreement also provides for additional fees for supplemental services and out-of-pocket expenses, as needed. For the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021, the additional fees paid under this agreement totaled \$363,163 and \$284,352, respectively. Furthermore, the service agreement also provides for insurance premiums to be paid to a related company. Insurance premiums paid under this agreement for the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021, totaled \$298,155 and \$290,735, respectively.

During the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021, the Partnership paid \$450,000 annually to the partners for consulting services rendered and administrative expenses incurred to carry out its responsibilities. These expenses are included in general and administrative expenses in the accompanying statements of operations.

NOTE 6 RELATED-PARTY TRANSACTIONS (CONTINUED)

The Partnership has entered into a ground lease agreement with CoreCare V, an affiliated entity, which continues through December 2090. The premises covered by this agreement are the land on which CoreCare V is located. Any failure by CoreCare V to perform under the ground lease agreement or the agreement for purchased health care would permit the Partnership to take ownership of CoreCare V's buildings and equipment and cancel the ground lease.

The Partnership has an agreement for purchased health care costs with CoreCare V. The health care costs paid to this entity during the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021, were \$7,389,450 and \$6,974,667, respectively, and are included in resident care expenses in the accompanying statements of operations. In addition, the Partnership had payables for accrued health care costs totaling \$215,172 and \$276,351 at December 31, 2022 and 2021, respectively, which are included in accounts payable in the accompanying balance sheets.

NOTE 7 EMPLOYEE BENEFIT PLAN

The Partnership sponsors a qualified 401(k) plan (the Plan) for all eligible employees. Employees may contribute up to 80% of their yearly compensation for up to the maximum amount prescribed by law. The Partnership makes a safe harbor matching contribution equal to 100% of the first 3% of the participant's compensation and 50% of the next 2% of the participant's compensation, which is deferred as an elective deferral. For the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021, employer contributions to the Plan totaled \$158,956 and \$151,857, respectively, which have been included in operating expenses in the accompanying statements of operations.

NOTE 8 FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS

FASB ASC 820-10 defines fair value, establishes a framework for measuring fair value, and requires enhanced disclosures about fair value measurements. FASB ASC 820 establishes a three-level valuation hierarchy for disclosure of fair value measurements. The valuation hierarchy is based upon the transparency of inputs in the valuation of an asset as of the measurement date.

The three levels are defined as follows:

- Level 1 Quoted market prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.
- Level 2 Valuations based on quoted prices in markets that are not active or for which all significant inputs are observable, either directly or indirectly.
- Level 3 Valuations based on inputs that are unobservable and significant to the overall fair value measurement.

NOTE 8 FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS (CONTINUED)

Fair value is a market-based measurement considered from the perspective of a market participant rather than an entity-specific measurement. Therefore, even when market assumptions are not readily available, the Partnership's own assumptions are set to reflect those that market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability at the measurement date.

A financial instrument's categorization within the valuation hierarchy is based upon the lowest level of input that is significant to the fair value measurement.

The following table provides fair value measurement for financial assets measured at fair value on a recurring basis as of December 31, 2022:

	Level 1		Lev	el 2	Le\	/el 3
Equities:						
Large Value	\$	3,852,589	\$	-	\$	-
Large Growth		339,287		-		-
Large Core		4,954,987		-		-
Mid Value		212,022				
Total Assets at Fair Value	\$	9,358,885	\$	_	\$	-

The following table provides fair value measurement for financial assets measured at fair value on a recurring basis as of December 31, 2021:

Level 1	Lev	el 2	Lev	/el 3
\$ 3,792,192	\$	-	\$	-
273,807		-		-
5,678,386		-		-
331,011		-		_
12,073		-		-
\$ 10,087,469	\$	-	\$	_
\$	\$ 3,792,192 273,807 5,678,386 331,011 12,073	\$ 3,792,192 \$ 273,807 5,678,386 331,011 12,073	\$ 3,792,192 \$ - 273,807 - 5,678,386 - 331,011 - 12,073 -	\$ 3,792,192 \$ - \$ 273,807 - 5,678,386 - 331,011 - 12,073 -

NOTE 9 EMPLOYEE RETENTION CREDITS

The Employee Retention Credit (ERC) is a refundable tax credit against certain employment taxes equal to 50% of the qualified wages an eligible employer pays to employees after March 12, 2020, and before January 1, 2021.

NOTE 9 FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS (CONTINUED)

On December 27, 2020, the Consolidated Appropriations Act (CAA) was signed into law. Among other provisions, the CAA expanded the eligibility for ERC to include more entities as well as extending ERC into calendar year 2021 including the first, second, and third calendar quarters. Furthermore, the refundable tax credit for the calendar year 2021 was expanded to 70% of the qualified wages. CAA provided these entities the ability to retroactively recover payroll taxes from earlier in 2020 during which they were previously ineligible. This is done by retroactively applying for the credit.

Employers, including tax-exempt organizations, are eligible for the credit if they operate a trade or business during calendar year 2020 and 2021 and experience either the full or partial suspension of the operation of their trade or business during any calendar quarter due to a significant decline in gross receipts or because of governmental orders limiting commerce, travel, or group meetings due to COVID-19. The credit applies to qualified wages (including certain health plan expenses) paid during this period or any calendar quarter in which eligibility requirements were met.

Grants from the government are recognized when all conditions of such grants are fulfilled or there is reasonable assurance that they will be fulfilled. During the year ended December 31, 2022, the Company determined it met the compliance requirements and conditions of the ERC program. The Company recognized combined ERC credits of \$131,868 for the quarters ended June 30, 2020, September 30, 2020, and December 31, 2020. The revenue related to these credits, net of professional fees, are included in other income on the accompanying statements of operations.

There is a possibility that upon subsequent review the Internal Revenue Service (IRS) could reach a different conclusion regarding the Company's eligibility to retain the ERC credits received, which could result in repayment of the credits, interest, and potential penalties. The amount of liability, if any, from potential ineligibility cannot be determined with certainty.

NOTE 10 SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Events occurring after December 31, 2022, have been evaluated for possible adjustment to the financial statements or disclosure as of April 27, 2023, which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued. There were no adjustments to the financial statements or additional disclosures as a result of this evaluation.



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Partners

CoreCare III, dba: Morningside of Fullerton

Fullerton, California

We have audited the financial statements of CoreCare III, dba: Morningside of Fullerton (the Partnership) as of and for the year ended December 31, 2022, and our report thereon dated April 27, 2023, which expressed an unqualified opinion on those financial statements, appears on pages 1 and 2. Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements as a whole. The 2022 schedules of Form 5-1 through Form 5-5 and Form 7-1 are prepared for filing with the State of California Department of Social Services, in accordance with Section 1792 of the California Health and Safety Code, and are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audits of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the partners and management of the Partnership and for filing with the State of California Department of Social Services and is not intended to be, and should not be, used by anyone other than those specified parties. However, this report is a matter of public record, and its distribution is not limited.

CliftonLarsonAllen LLP

Clifton Larson Allen LLP

Irvine, California April 27, 2023

FORM 5-1: LONG-TERM DEBT INCURRED IN A PRIOR FISCAL YEAR (INCLUDING BALLOON DEBT)

Long-Term Debt Obligation	(a) Date Incurred	(b) Principal Paid During Fiscal Year	(c) Interest Paid During Fiscal Year	(d) Credit Enhancement Premiums Paid in Fiscal Year	(e) Total Paid (columns (b) + (c) + (d))
1					
2					
3					
4					
5					
6					
7					
8					
		TOTAL:	\$0	\$0	\$0

(Transfer this amount to Form 5-3, Line 1)

NOTE: For column (b), do not include voluntary payments made to pay down principal.

PROVIDER: CoreCare III

LIC 9265 (6/21) Page 1 of 1

FORM 5-1 LONG-TERM DEBT INCURRED IN A PRIOR FISCAL YEAR Supporting Calculation for Line 1(b)

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PROVIDER: CoreCare III
COMMUNITY: Morningside of Fullerton

DEPARTMENT OF SOCIAL SERVICES

744 P Street, MS 10-90, Sacramento, California 95814



July 30, 2003

Mr. E. Justin Wilson III Executive Vice President CoreCare III 800 Morningside Drive Fullerton, California 92835

Re: Waiver Request under H&S Code Section 1792.3(c)

Dear Mr. Wilson:

The Department of Social Services has reviewed your request that it waive the long term debt reserve requirement as it applies to the debt held by the Morningside of Fullerton Master Trust (the "Trust"). Your request on behalf of CoreCare III is made on the basis of the provisions in Health & Safety Code section 1792.3(c).

Based on our review of your request and the information in our files, the Department has granted your request. As a result, CoreCare III need not include the debt owed to the Trust in the annual calculation of its debt service reserve. This waiver remains effective until the Department, in its discretion, determines that it is terminated. Please include a copy of this letter with CoreCare III's future annual reserve reports.

If you have any questions, please contact me at (916) 657-2592.

Respectfully,

Ben Partington, Chief

Continuing Care Contracts Branch Department of Social Services

FORM 5-2: LONG-TERM DEBT INCURRED DURING FISCAL YEAR (INCLUDING BALLOON DEBT)

Long-Term Debt Obligation	(a) Date Incurred	(b) Total Interest Paid During Fiscal Year	(c) Amount of Most Recent Payment on the Debt	(d) Number of Payments Over Next 12 Months	(e) Reserve Requirement (see instruction Part 5) (columns (c) x (d))
1					
2					
3					
4					
5					
6					
7					
8					
	TOTAL:	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0

(Transfer this amount to Form 5-3, Line 2)

NOTE: For column (b), do not include voluntary payments made to pay down principal.

PROVIDER: CoreCare III

LIC 9266 (3/21) Page 1 of 1

FORM 5-3: CALCULATION OF LONG-TERM DEBT RESERVE AMOUNT

Line		TOTAL	
1	Total from Form 5-1 bottom of Column (e)		\$0
2	Total from Form 5-2 bottom of Column (e)		\$0
3	Facility leasehold or rental payment paid by provider during fiscal year (including related payments such as lease insurance)		\$0
4	TOTAL AMOUNT REQUIRED FOR LONG-TERM DEBT RESERVE:		\$0

PROVIDER: CoreCare III

LIC 9267 (3/21) Page 1 of 1

FORM 5-4: CALCULATION OF NET OPERATING EXPENSES

Lin	ıe	Description	Amounts	TOTAL
1		Total operating expenses from financial statements		\$26,427,77
2		Deductions:		
	a.	Interest paid on long-term debt (see instructions)	\$0	
	b.	Credit enhancement premiums paid for long-term debt (see instructions)	\$0	
	C.	Depreciation	\$2,554,607	
	d.	Amortization	\$256,576	
	e.	Revenues received during the fiscal year for services to persons who did not have a continuing care contract	\$71,055	
	f.	Extraordinary expenses approved by the Department	\$0	
3		Total Deductions		\$2,882,23
4		Net Operating Expenses	<u> </u>	\$23,545,53
5		Divide Line 4 by 365 and enter the result	. <u></u>	\$64,50
6		Multiply Line 5 by 75 and enter the result. This is the provider's operating expense reserve amount	_	\$4,838,12
OVID	ER:	CoreCare III		
MML	JNITY:	Morningside of Fullerton		
2 0262	3 (6/21)			Page 1 c

FORM 5-4 CALCULATION OF NET OPERATING EXPENSES Supporting Explanation for Line 2e

Line 2e is made up of the following lines from the audited statement of cash flows:

Reimbursements for services to non-residents	\$ 71,055
Revenues received during the fiscal year for services	
to residents who did not have a continuing care contract	\$ 71,055

Categories included in the above revenues:

\$ 11,570	Guest Meals
22,852	Employee Meals
8,341	Catering
28,292	Guest Room
\$ 71,055	

PROVIDER: CoreCare III

COMMUNITY: Morningside of Fullerton

FORM 5-5: ANNUAL RESERVE CERTIFICATION

1 011111 0 0.711	THOME REDERVE SERVIN 16/11	<u> </u>	
Provider Name: Co	reCare III		
Fiscal Year Ended:	12/31/2022		
	We have reviewed our debt service reserve	e and	
	operating expense reserve requirements as	s of, and	
	for the period ended.		
	12/31/2022	<u> </u>	
	and are in compliance with those requirement	ents.	
	Our liquid reserve requirements, computed	using the	
	audited financial statements for the fiscal y	ear are as	
	follows:		
		<u>Amount</u>	
[1]	Debt Service Reserve Amount	\$0	
[2]	Operating Expense Reserve Amount	\$4,838,123	:
[3]	Total Liquid Reserve Amount:	\$4,838,123	
	Qualifying assets sufficient to fulfill the operating reserve and debt service requirements, based on market value at end of fiscal year were applicable, are held as follows:		
	Qualifying Asset Description	Debt Service Reserve	Operating Reserve
[4]	Cash and Cash Equivalents		\$2,851,660
[5]	Investment Securities		\$9,358,885
[6]	Equity Securities		
[7]	Unused/Available Lines of Credit		
[8]	Unused/Available Letters of Credit		
[9]	Debt Service Reserve		(not applicable)
[10]	Other:		
	Qualifying assets used in these reserves are described as follow:		

LIC 9269 (3/21) Page 1 of 2

Total Amount of Qualifying Assests		
Listed for Reserve Obligation:	[11]	[12] \$12,210,545
Reserve Obligation Amount:	[13]	[14] \$4,838,123
Surplus/(Deficiency):	[15]	[16] \$7,372,422
Signature: (Authorized Representative)		Date: <u>04/24/2023</u>
Chief Executive Officer		
(Title)		

FORM 5-5 Description of Reserves Under SB 1212

Total Qualifying Assets as Filed:

Cash and Cash Equivalents Investment Securities Total Qualifying Assets as Filed	\$ \$ \$	2,851,660 9,358,885 12,210,545
Reservations and Designations:		
Reserved for Debt Service	\$	-
Reserved for Operating Expenses	\$	4,838,123
Total Reservations and Designations	\$	4,838,123
Remaining Liquid Reserves	\$	7,372,422

Per Capita Cost of Operations

	12 Months Ending 12/31/2022	
Operating Expenses (Form 5-4 line #1)	\$	26,427,771
Mean # of CCRC Residents (Form 1-1 line 10)		471
Per Capita Cost of Operations	\$	56,110

NOTE: Operating expenses shown above are for the period of January 1, 2022 to December 31, 2022

PROVIDER: CoreCare III
COMMUNITY: Morningside of Fullerton

FORM 7-1 REPORT ON CCRC MONTHLY CARE FEES

<u> </u>	OKT OR SORO MORTHET OAKETEES						
		RESIDENTIAL LIVING	ASSISTED LIVING	MEMORY CARE	SKILLED NURSING		
1.	Monthly Care Fees at beginning of reporting period: (indicate range, if applicable)	3,550-7,497					
2.	Indicate percentage of increase in fees imposed during reporting period: (indicate range, if applicable)	5.1%					
	☐ Check here if monthly care fees at this community were <u>not</u> increased during the reporting period. (If you checked this box, please skip down to the bottom of this form and specify the names of the provider and community.)						
3.	Indicate the date the fee increase was implemented: <u>January 1, 2022</u> (If more than one (1) increase was implemented, indicate the dates for each increase.)						
4.	Check each of the appropriate boxes:	Check each of the appropriate boxes:					
	☑ Each fee increase is based on the Provider's projected costs, prior year per capita costs, and economic indicators.						
	All affected residents were given written notice of this fee increase at least 30 days prior to its implementation. Date of Notice: October 24, 2021 Method of Notice: Letters						
	☑ At least 30 days prior to the increase in fees, the designated representative of the Provider convened a meeting that all residents were invited to attend. Date of Meeting: November 15, 2021						
	At the meeting with residents, the Provider discussed and explained the reasons for the increase, the basis for determining the amount of the increase, and the data used for calculating the increase.						
	☑ The Provider distributed the documents to all residents by [Optional - check all that apply]:						
	☐ Emailed the documents to those residents for whom the provider had email addresses on file						
	✓ Placed hard copies in resident cubby						
	Placed hard copies at designated locations						
	✓ Provided hard copies to residents upon request, and/or						
	☑ Other: [please describe] Mailed to families						
	☑ Date of Notice: October 24, 2021						

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	Ø	☑ The Provider provided residents with at least 14 days advance notice of each meeting held to discuss the fee increases. Date of Notice: October 24,2021				
	Ø	☑ The governing body of the Provider, or the designated representative of the Provider posted the notice of, and the agent for, the meeting in a conspicuous place in the community at least 14 days prior to the meeting. ☐ Date of Posting: October 24, 2021				
	Z	Providers evaluated the effectiveness of consultations during the annual budget planning process at a minimum of every two years by the continuing care retirement community administration. The evaluation, including any policies adopted relating to cooperation with residents was made available to the resident association or its governing body, or, if neither exists, to a committee of residents at least 14 days prior to the next semiannual meeting of residents and the Provider's governing body and posted a copy of that evaluation in a conspicuous location at each facility. Date of Posting: October 24, 2021 Location of Posting: Touch Town and monitors in lobby				
5.						
	PROV	DER: CoreCare III COMMUNITY: Morningside of Fullerton				

LIC 9270 (9/22) Page 3 of 3

FORM 7-1 REPORT ON CCRC MONTHLY CARE FEES Supporting Explanation for Line 5

The monthly fee increase for 2022 is reflected at 5.1%. The cost drivers for this increase are: wage adjustments of 6.6%; management fees and purchased health care (driven by 5.5% increase in cost). These figures were arrived at by using economic indicators and estimating future cost increases, which information was derived from suppliers, government mandate, and industry periodicals. The budgeted NOI, which is basically flat with the prior year's budget, does not include capital expenditures, which are estimated at \$4 million. Economic indicators driving these capital projects include the updating of residences that turnover in order to keep current with market expectations. Other capital projects include: Heat pump replacement, Gardenside and Canyonside remodel projects, elevators control replacement, resident unit wireless and various other projects. These projects, and future projects that economic indicators may require, will be paid from future cash flow. NOI surplus will also be used as a return to owners for the risk of operating the community.

FORM 7-1 ATTACHMENT MONTHLY CARE FEE INCREASE Annual Reporting Fiscal Year 2022

Line	Fiscal Years	2020	2021	2022
	F/Y 2020 Operating Expenses (less depreciation and			
1	amortization)	(21,420,804)		
	F/Y 2021 Operating Expenses (less depreciation and			
2	amortization)		(22,413,995)	
	Projected F/Y 2022 Results of Operations (budgeted			
3	expenses)			(24,171,960)
	F/Y 2022 Anticipated MCF Revenue Based on Current			
4	and Projected Occupancy and Other WITHOUT MCFI			26,762,854
	Projected F/Y 2022 (Net) Operating Results without			
5	MCFI (Line 3 plus Line 4)			2,590,894
	Projected F/Y 2022 Anticipated Revenue Based on			
6	Current and Projected Occupancy and Other with MCFI			28,127,759
	Grand Total - Projected FY 2022 Net Operating Activity			
7	After 5.1% MCFI (Line 3 plus Line 6)			3,955,799

Monthly Care Fee Increase

5.10%

Adjustment Explained:

Non-cash expenses of depreciation and amortization have been removed for all fiscal years presented.

F/Y 2021 to 2022

Minimum wage and market rate adjustments represents 6.6% increase year over year Employee health insurance increased by 28% Purchased health care increased by 20.5%

Management fees increased by 5.3%

